



BALTO



Executive Summary

**Graduate Design Team
Georgia Institute of Technology**

39th Annual VFS Student Design Competition

eVTOL Air Taxi for Passengers with Reduced Mobility

Sponsored by Bell



Introduction

- In response to the Vertical Flight Society's 39th annual student design competition Request for Proposal (RFP), the Georgia Tech graduate design team presents Balto. Named for **the lead sled dog that carried the life-saving antitoxin to Nome in 1925, Balto** provides help to people when other means of transportation fall short.

Design Capabilities

- Balto is a **lift+cruise multirotor configuration**. It features a reconfigurable cabin that can either accommodate 2 passengers with reduced mobility (PRM) and their caregivers, or 4 passengers without wheelchairs. **Balto is specifically designed for the safety and comfort of people with disabilities, both visible and hidden**



Design Objectives

From the RFP and a survey of people with disabilities' needs, **10 cabin design objectives** and **8 configuration design objectives** were defined

AHP Analysis

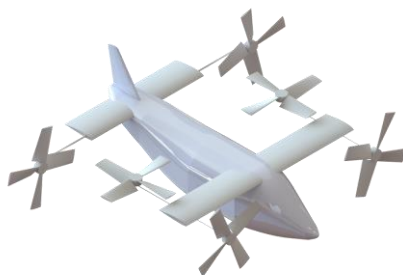
Design drivers weighted based on importance

Pugh Matrix

Twelve configurations were evaluated, with three selected for further analysis



Lift + Cruise Multirotor



Tilt Rotor



SMR Compound

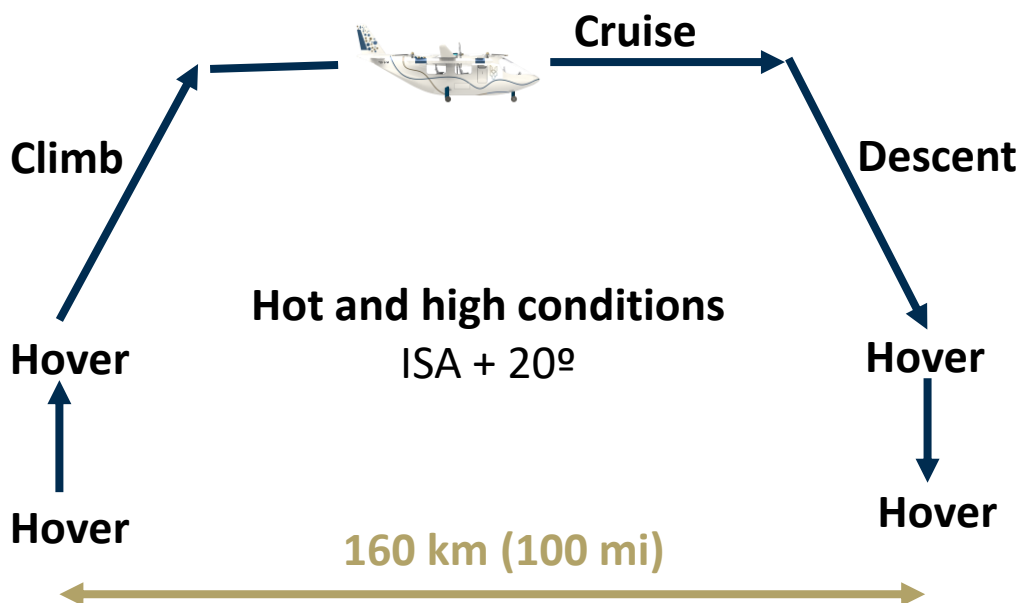


The lift+cruise multirotor

- **Enhanced Safety**
- **Hover / Cruise Decoupling**
- **Zero-tilt flight "The Flying Platform"**



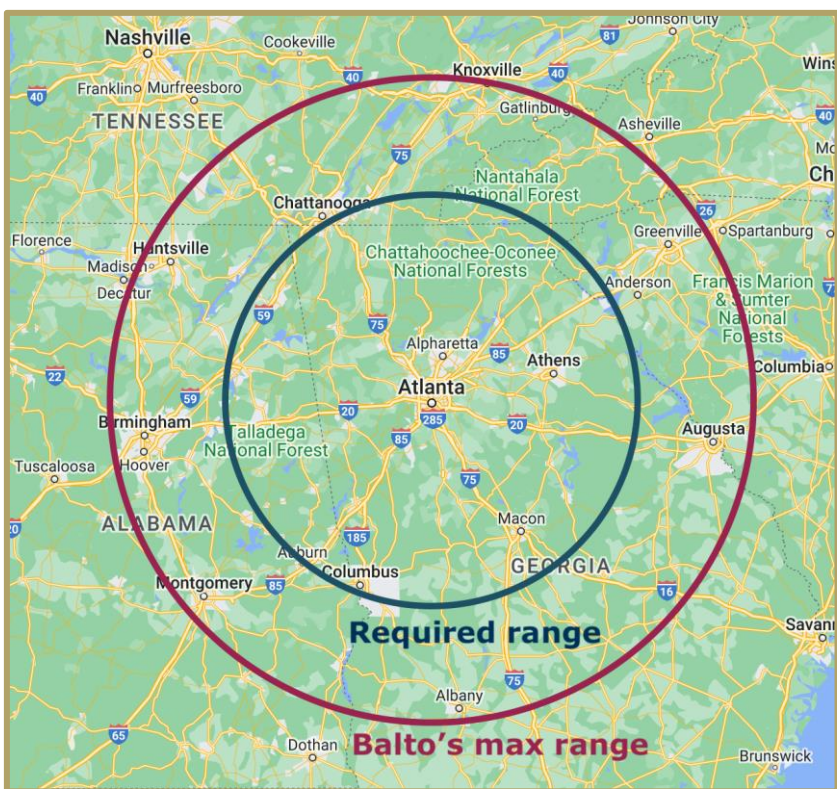
Mission Profile



Balto shall operate like an air taxi for passengers with reduced mobility.

Payload:

Four passengers with checked bag, carry-on, personal items, and medical equipment



Mission range	160 km (100 mi)
Balto's range	252 km (156 mi)
Balto's cruise speed	105 knots
Mission completion time	49 min

Balto's Key Features

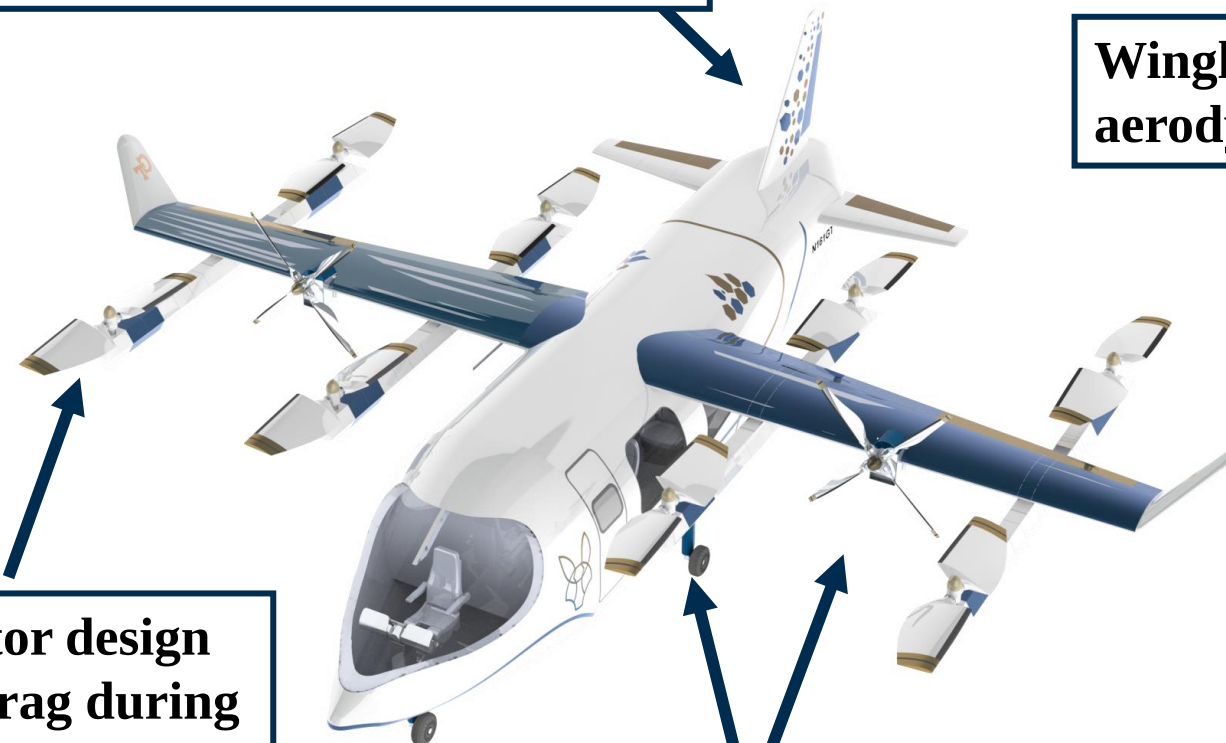
Aerodynamically enhanced empennage focused on maximizing loading ramp area

Winglets for increased aerodynamic efficiency,

Optimized rotor design for minimal drag during cruise

Extreme energy absorbing landing gear

Completely de-coupled lifting and cruise mechanisms for enhanced performance and safety



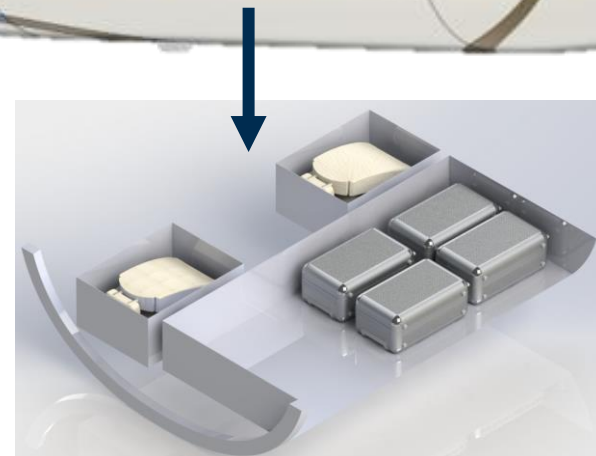
Featuring **FIRST** disability friendly cabin in the skies



Full glass cockpit and
wide windshield

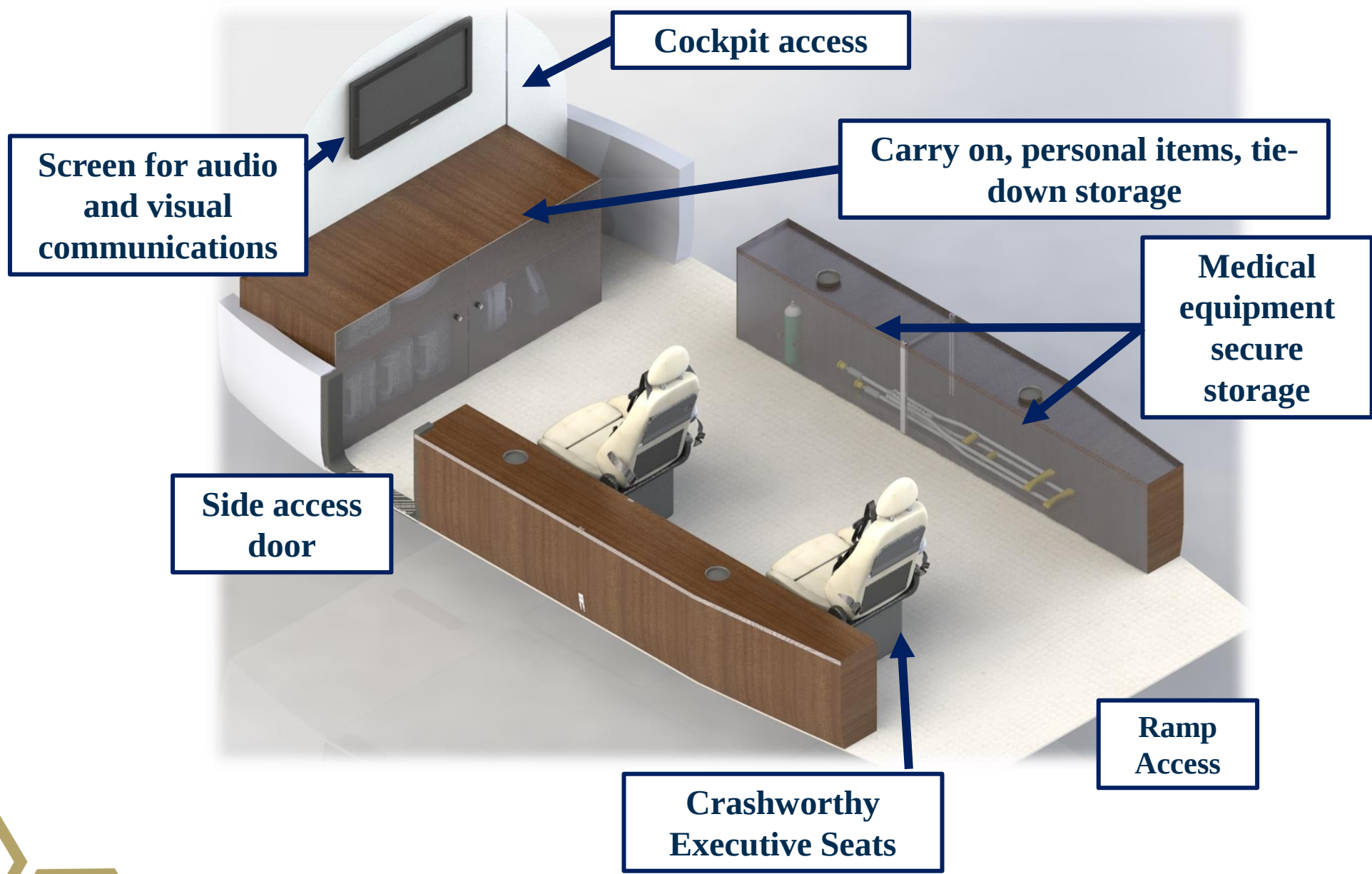


All included - fully reconfigurable cabin to
cater to the entire world: PRM friendly



Large Storage for Checked
Bags and More

A cabin designed with your needs in mind

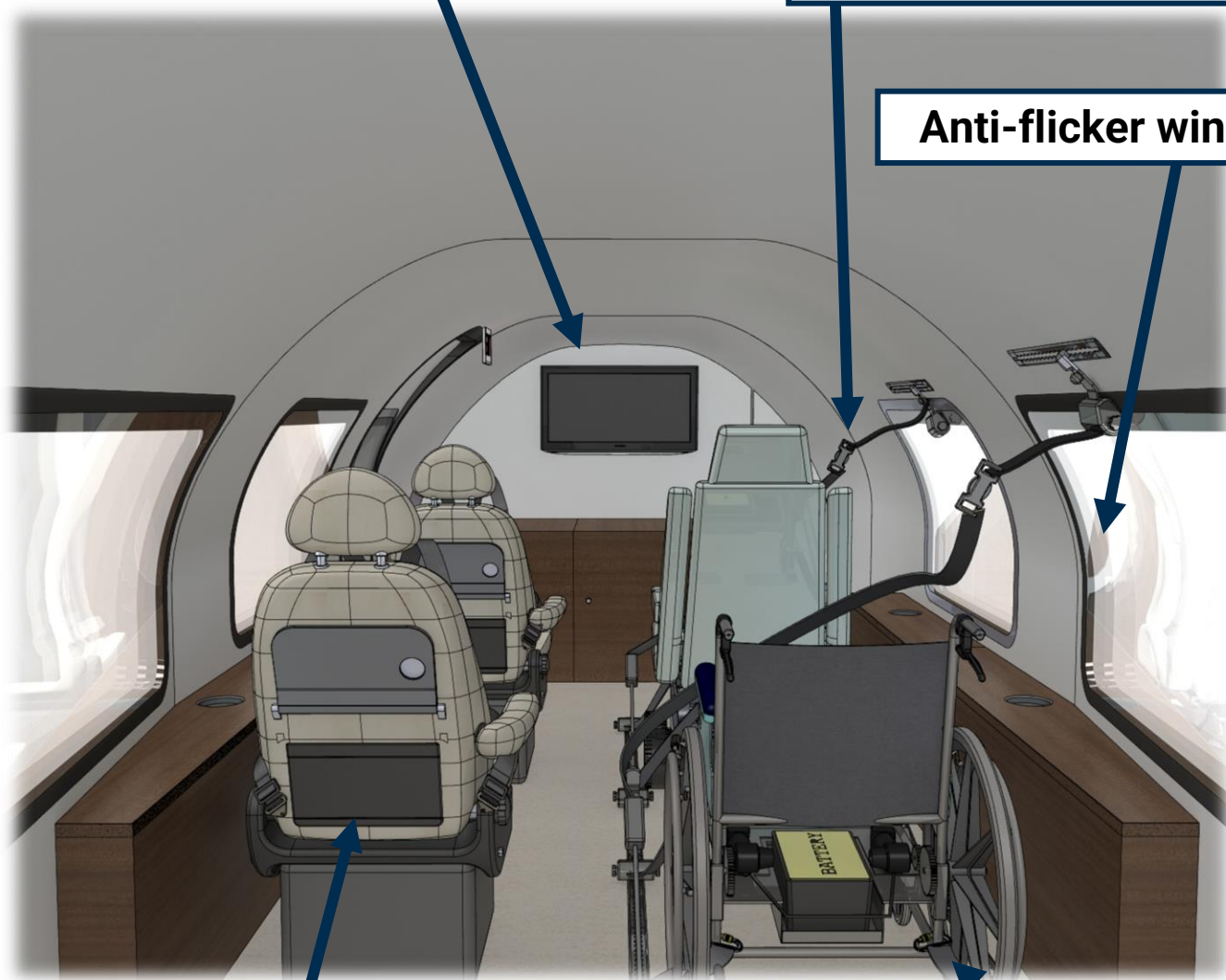


Special considerations for special needs

**TV for entertainment
and Safety**

**Harness for safety and
comfort**

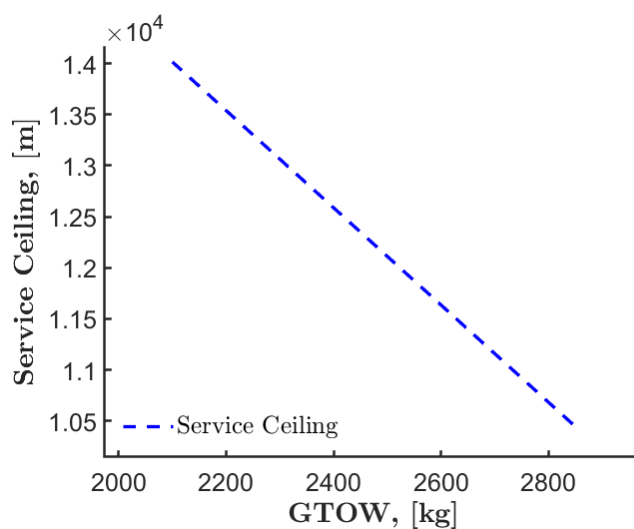
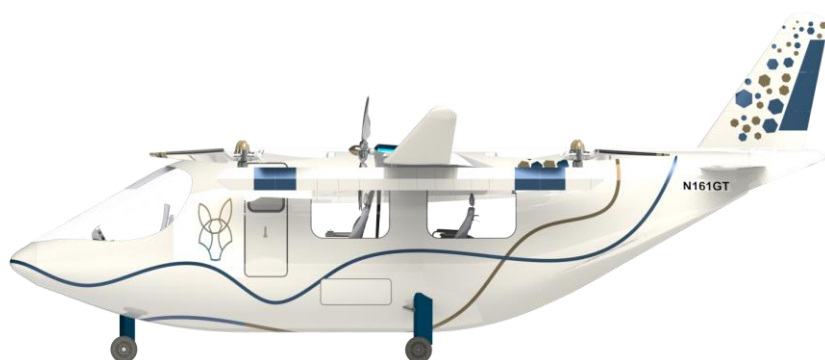
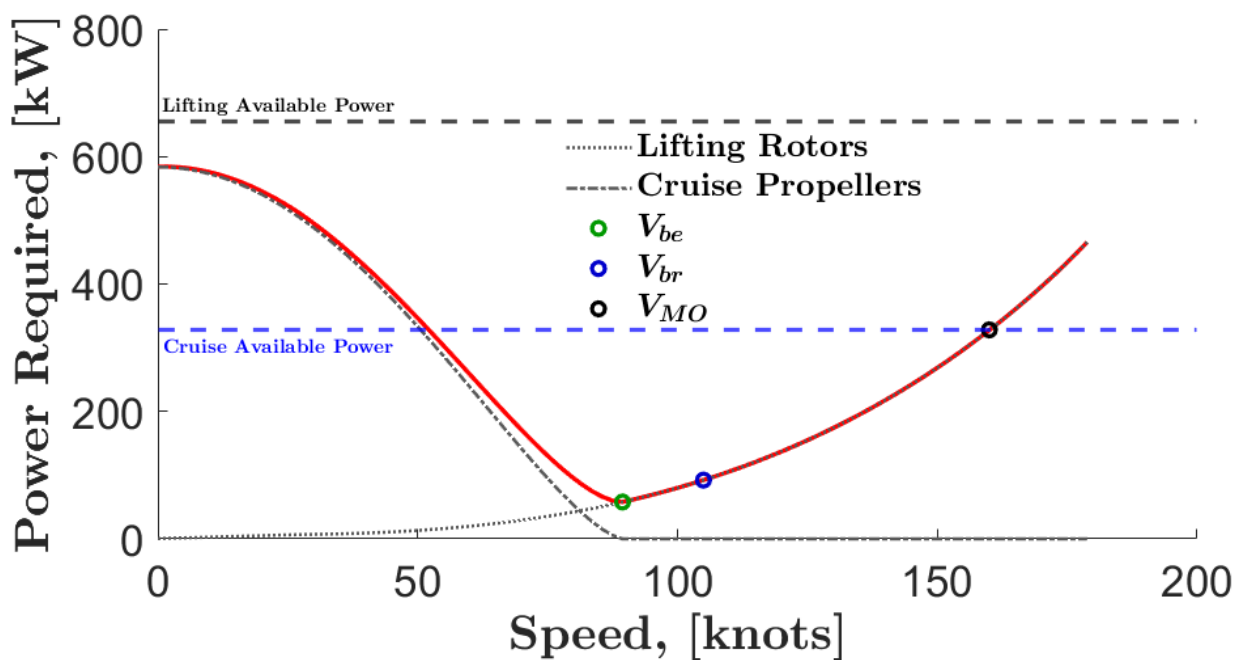
Anti-flicker windows



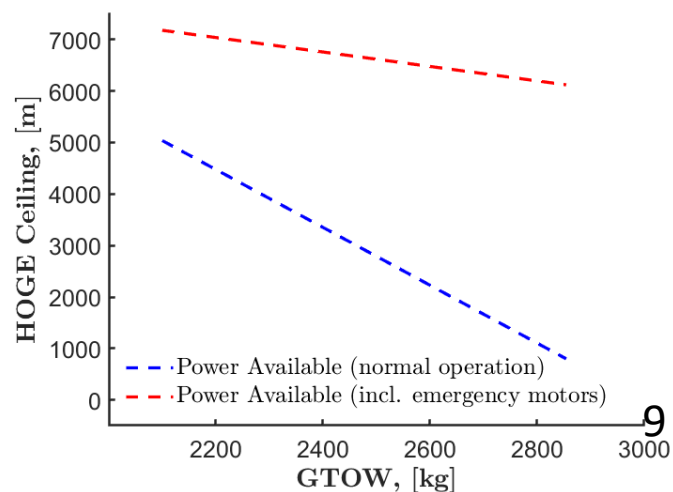
**Executive Seats for maximum
comfort and crashworthiness**

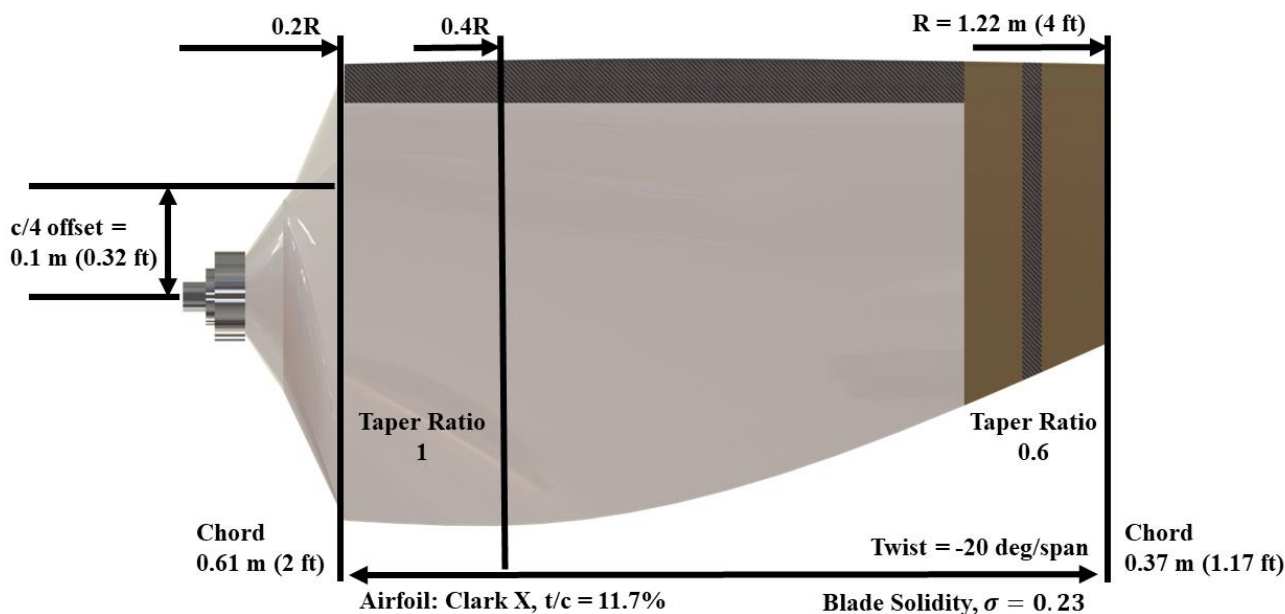
**Maximized aisle width
and legroom**

Performance Overview

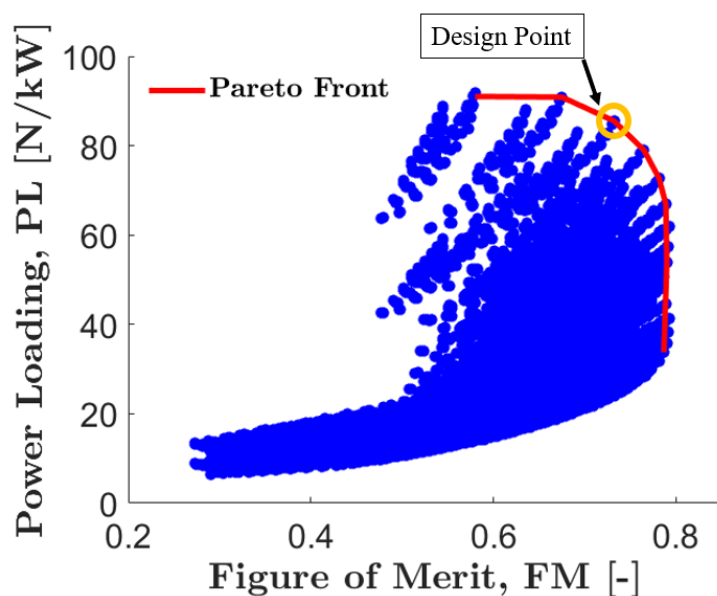


Metric	
V_{be}	90 knots
V_{br}	105 knots
V_{MO}	160 knots
Max Service Ceiling (density altitude)	14,000 m (45,900 ft)
Max Takeoff Altitude (density altitude)	7,100 m (23,300 ft)

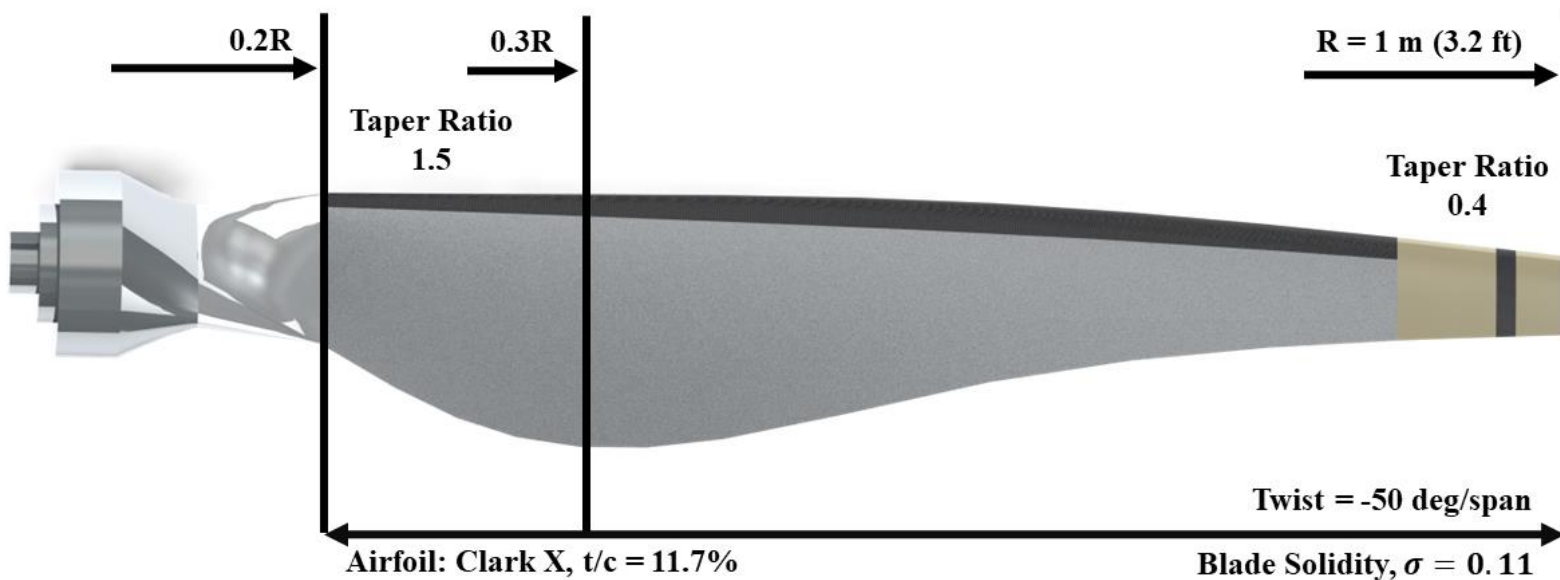




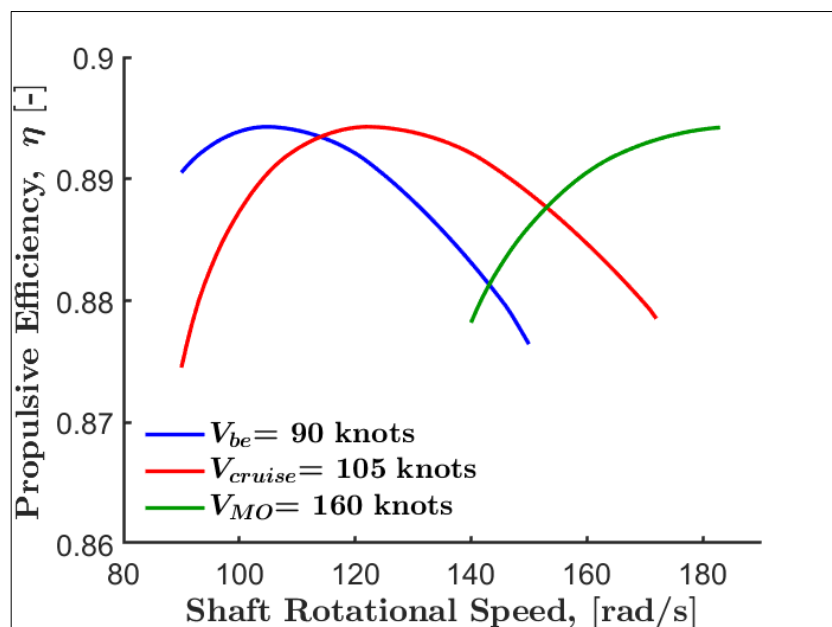
Characteristic	Value (SI)	Value (English)
Tip Speed (Hover)	158 m/s	520 ft/s
Disk Loading (DL)	622 N/m ²	13 lb/ft ²
Power Loading (PL)	43.30 N/kW	7.27 lb/HP
Blade Loading, C_T/σ	0.0965	0.0965
Induced Power Factor, k	1.305	1.305
Figure of Merit (FM)	0.74	0.74
C_T	0.0247	0.0247
C_Q	0.0028	0.0028
C_P	0.0036	0.0036



Over **500,000** blade planforms studied to find the optimal for the Balto

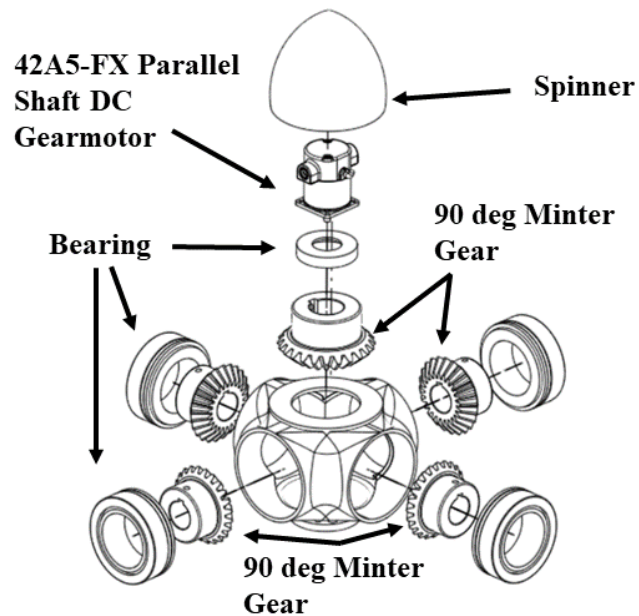
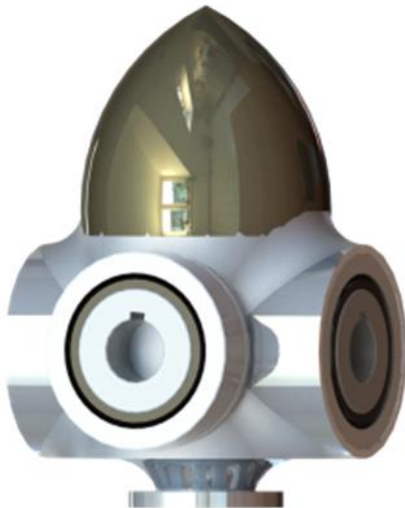


Characteristic	Value (SI)	Value (English)
Tip Speed	120 m/s	393.7 ft/s
Helical Tip Mach Number, M_h	0.38	0.38
Advance Ratio, J	1.42	1.42
Propulsive Efficiency, η	0.89	0.89
Thrust Coefficient, $C_{T_{Prop}}$	0.136	0.136
Torque Coefficient, $C_{Q_{Prop}}$	0.034	0.034
Power Coefficient, $C_{P_{Prop}}$	0.215	0.215

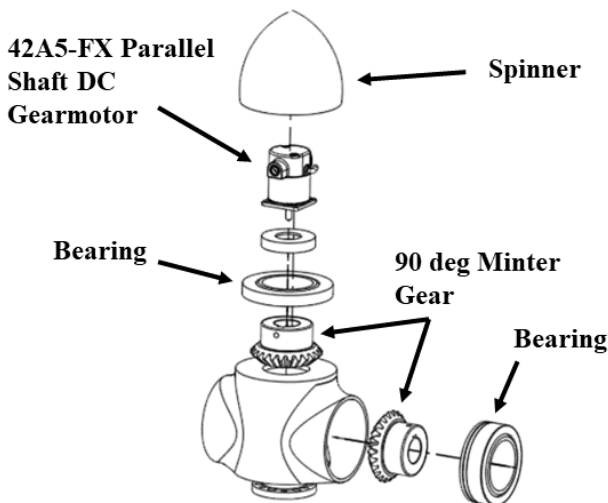


Variable pitch and variable RPM control for enhanced propulsive efficiency in all stages of flight

Cruise Propeller



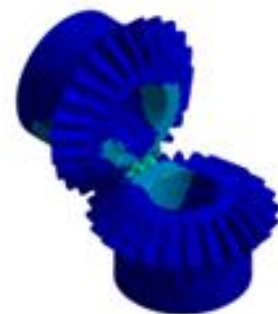
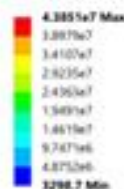
Lifting Rotor

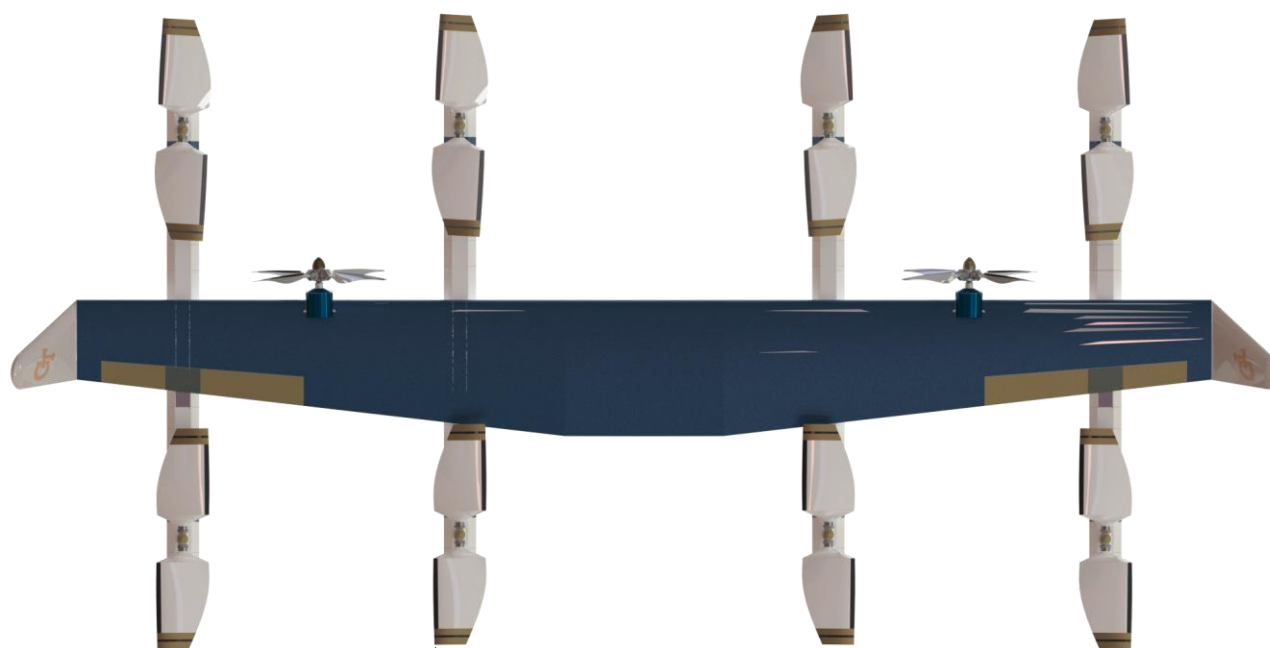


**Weight Optimized
using Nylon 66 gears**

**155% weight saved
on the system**

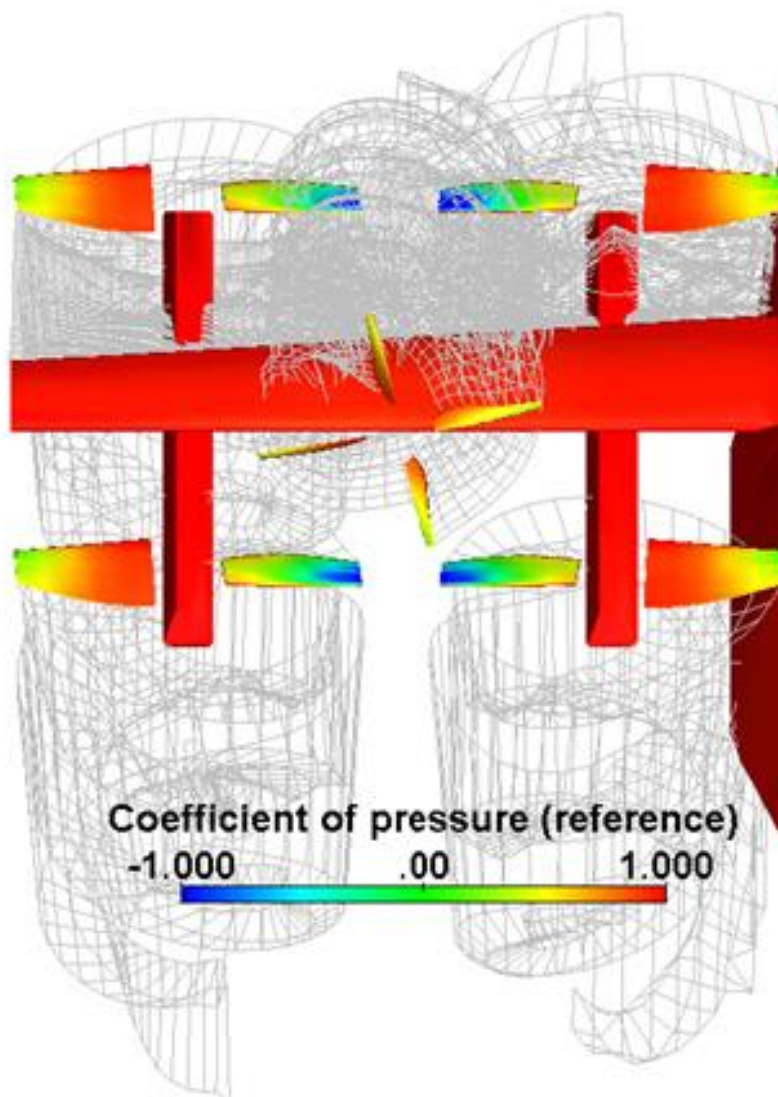
8: Static Structural
Equivalent Stress
Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Unit: Pa
Time: 1



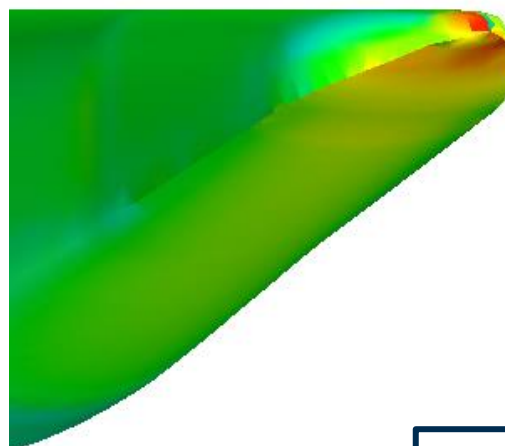
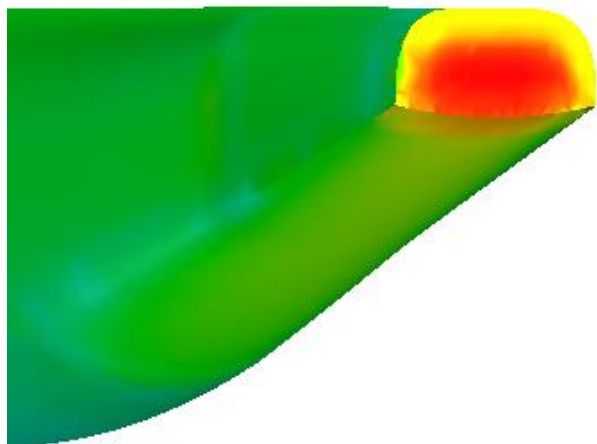


Lifting Rotors lock in parallel to the flow during cruise for drag reduction and clean propeller wake

Rotor placement and rotation enhanced for reduced interactional effects in cruise and isolation of retreating side during transition



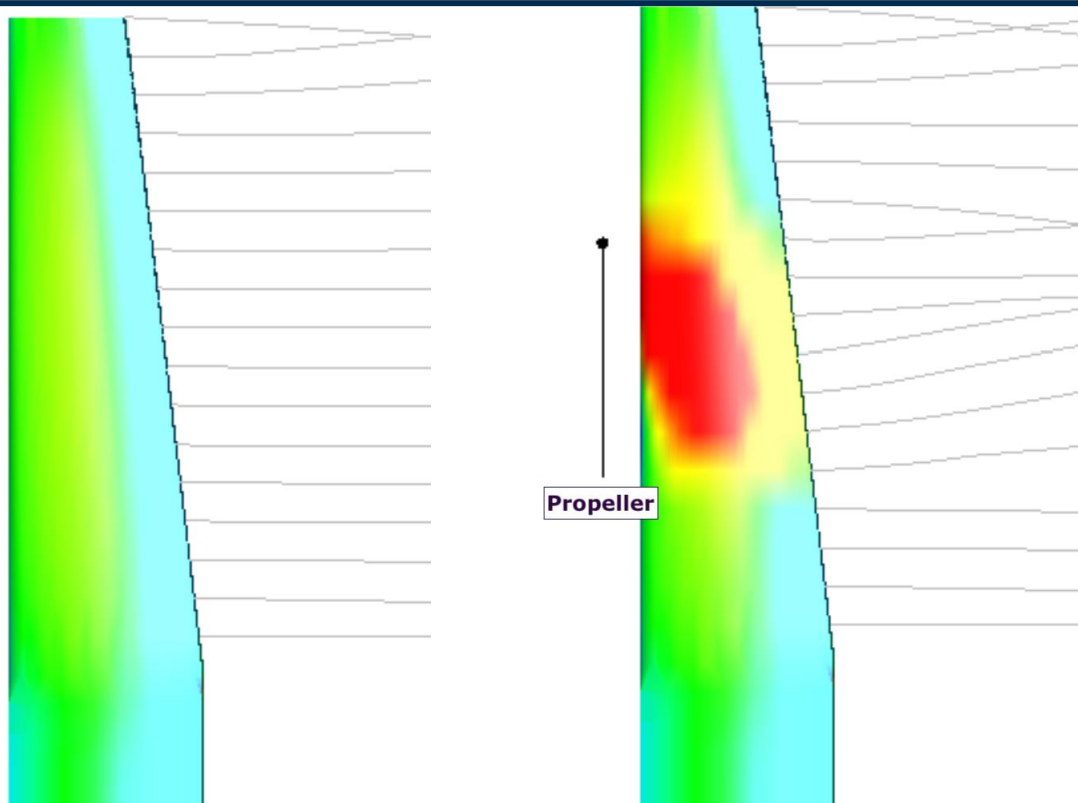
Enhanced tail to fit large ramp and maintain aerodynamic integrity



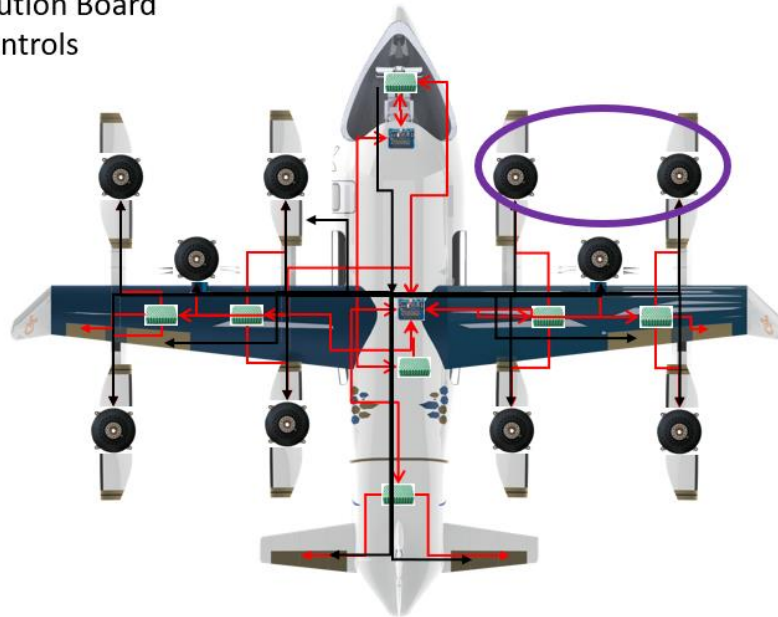
13 % Drag Reduction

Wing tip, effective AR increased by 24.7%

Rotor Blow wing for enhanced performance

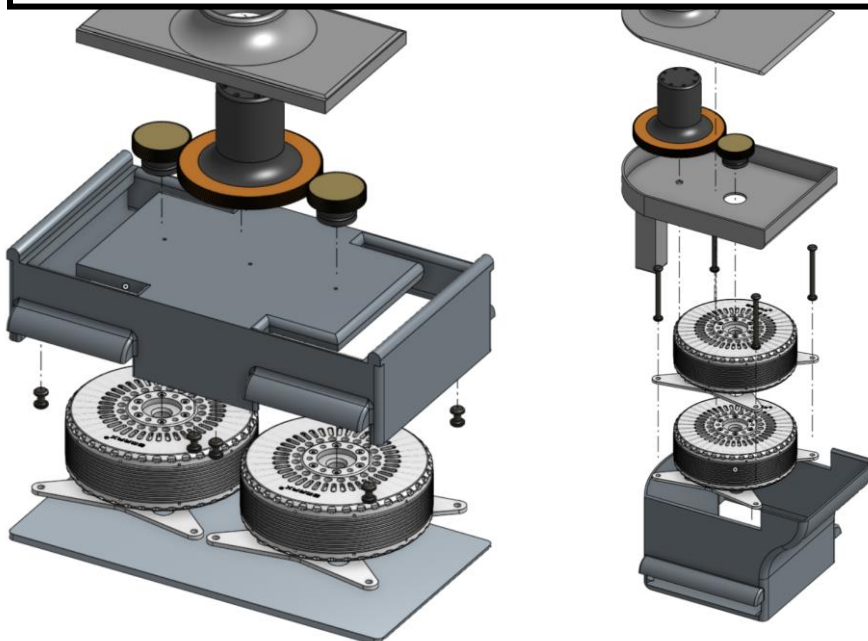


-  Motor
-  Battery Pack
-  Power Distribution Board
-  Power and Controls
-  Controls
-  Power



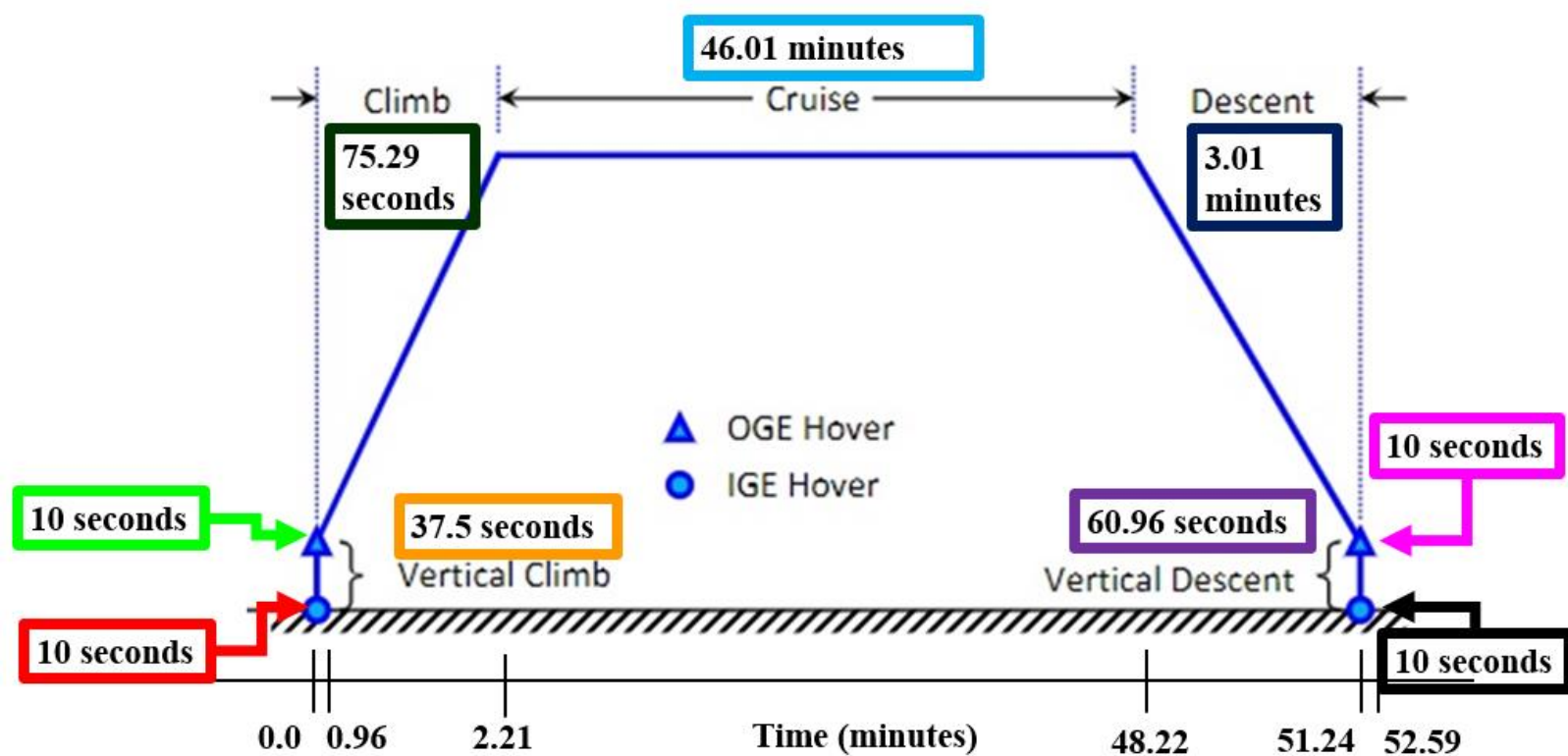
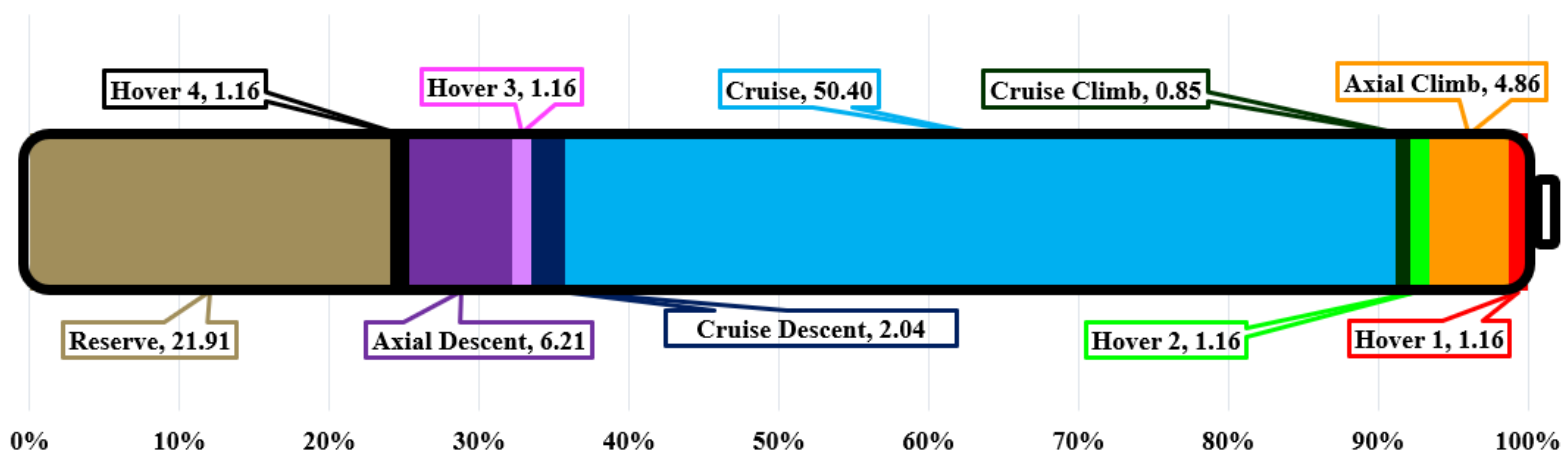
Cross wiring for enhanced safety and redundancy

Two Different Motor assemblies

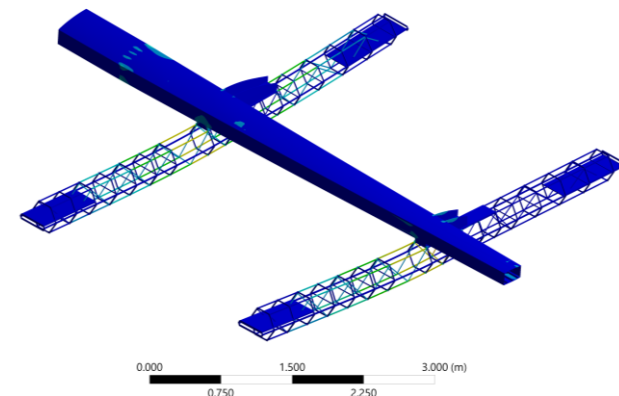
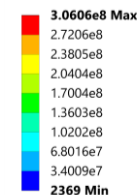
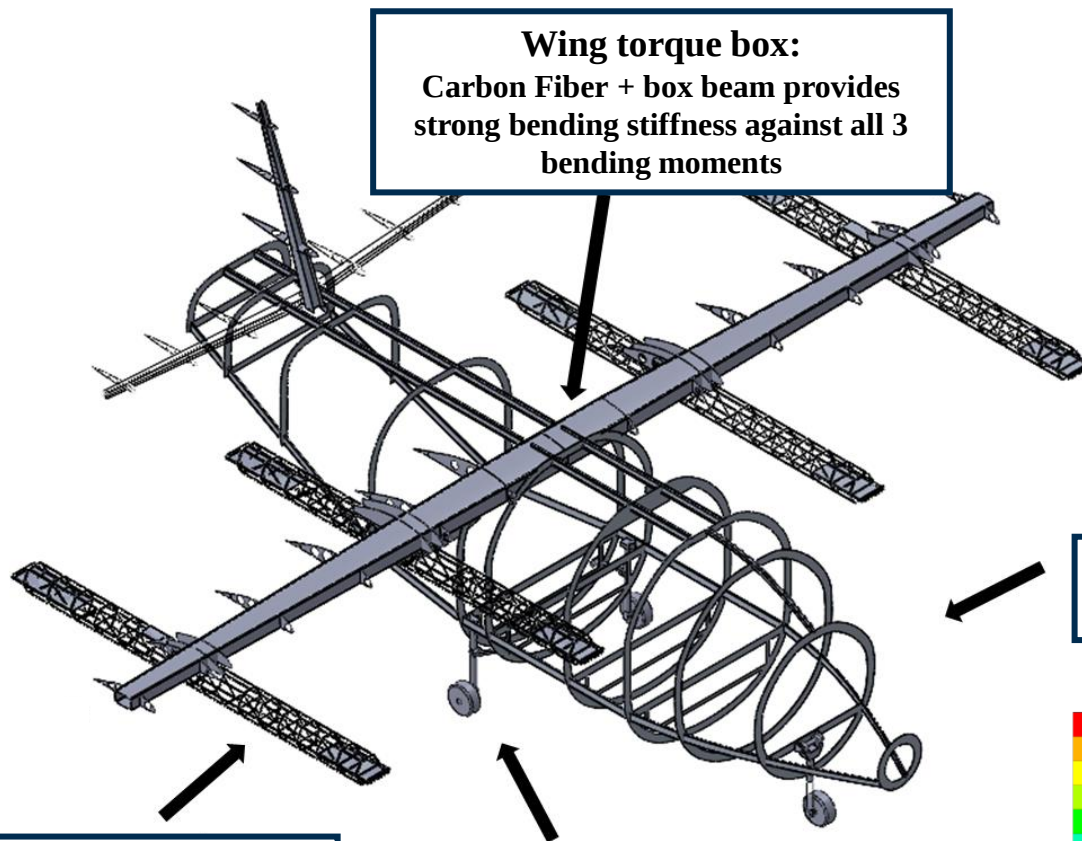


EMRAX 268
Motor with 109
kW of ideal
Power Available

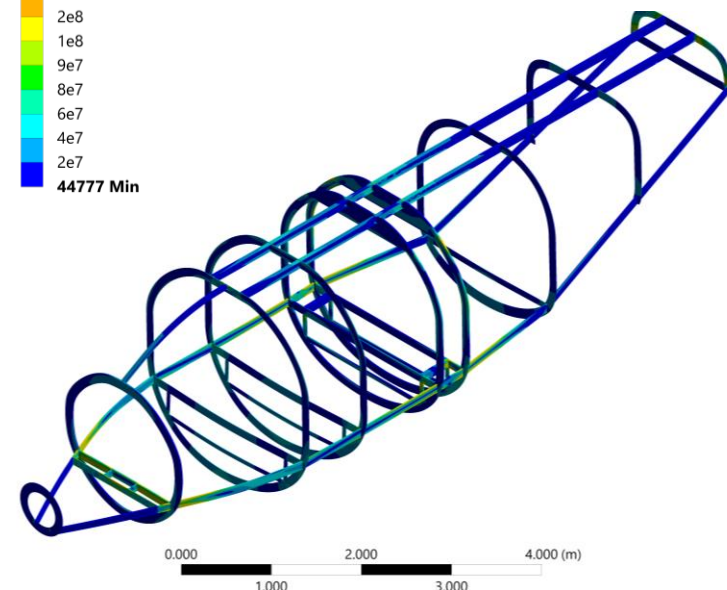
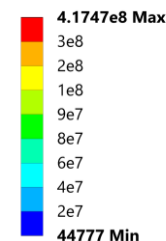
Energy Consumption



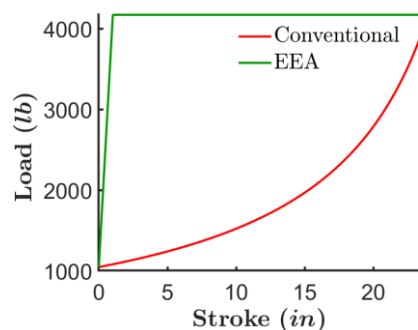
Total Energy Required: 138 kW/hr
Charging time: 45 mins

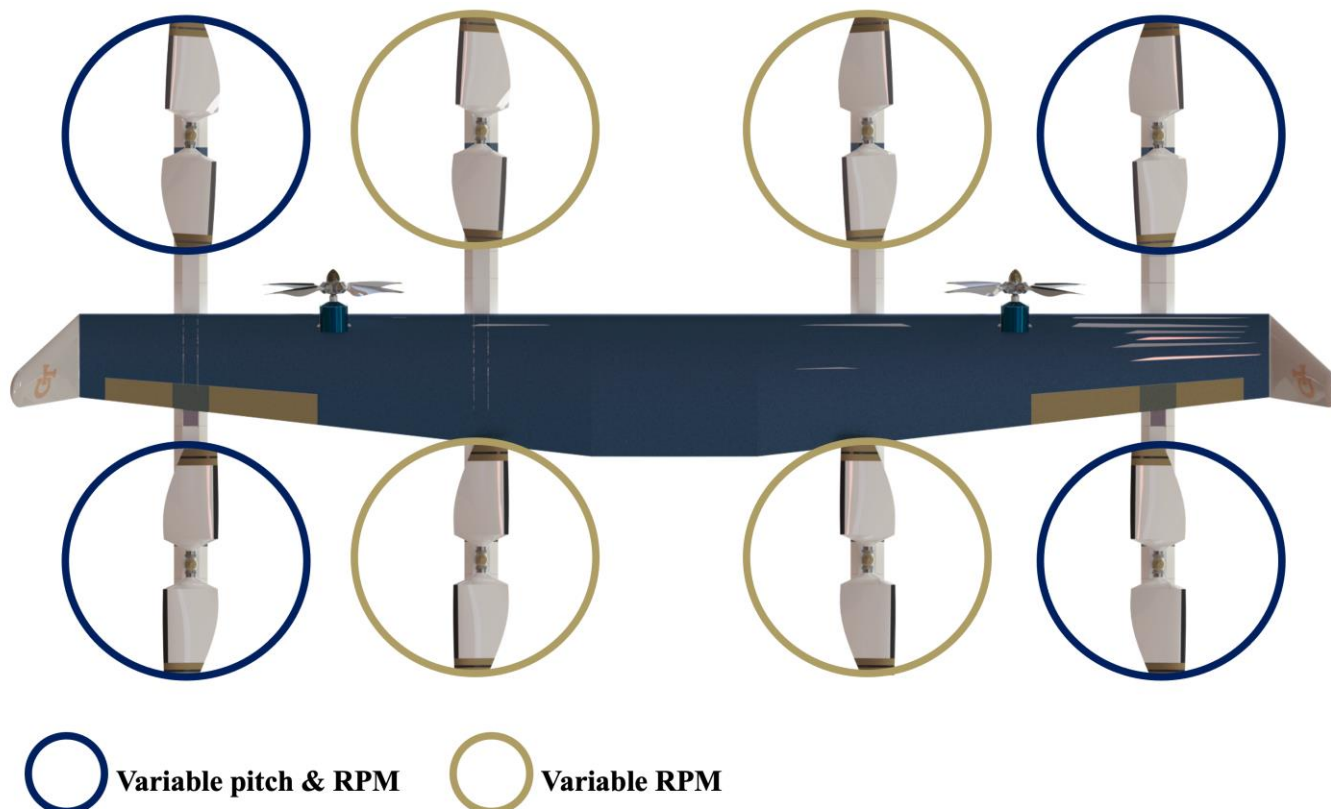


Airframe:
Safe even under most extreme cases



Smart strut capable of detecting impact velocity and adjusting pressure to maintain constant deceleration

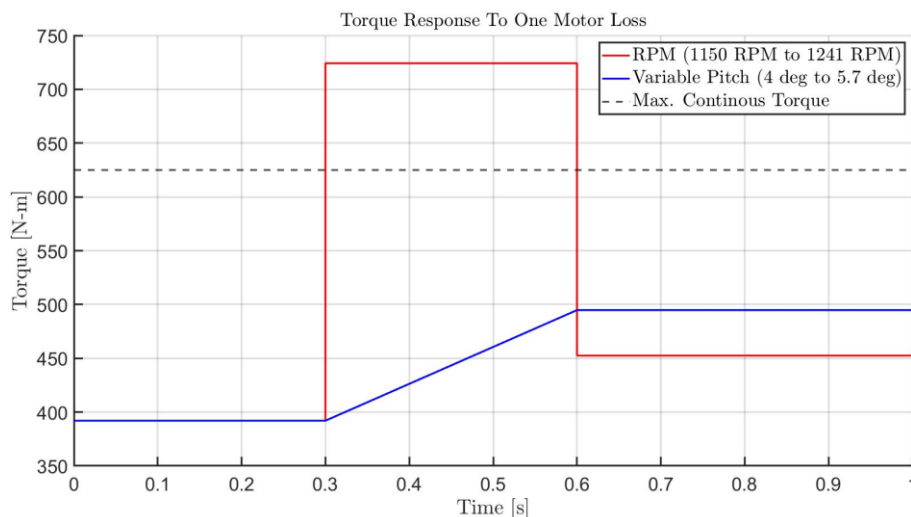




Variable pitch for quick roll over response on outboard lifting rotors

Variable RPM not sufficient due to torque spike

82% weight reduction by not implementing in all rotors

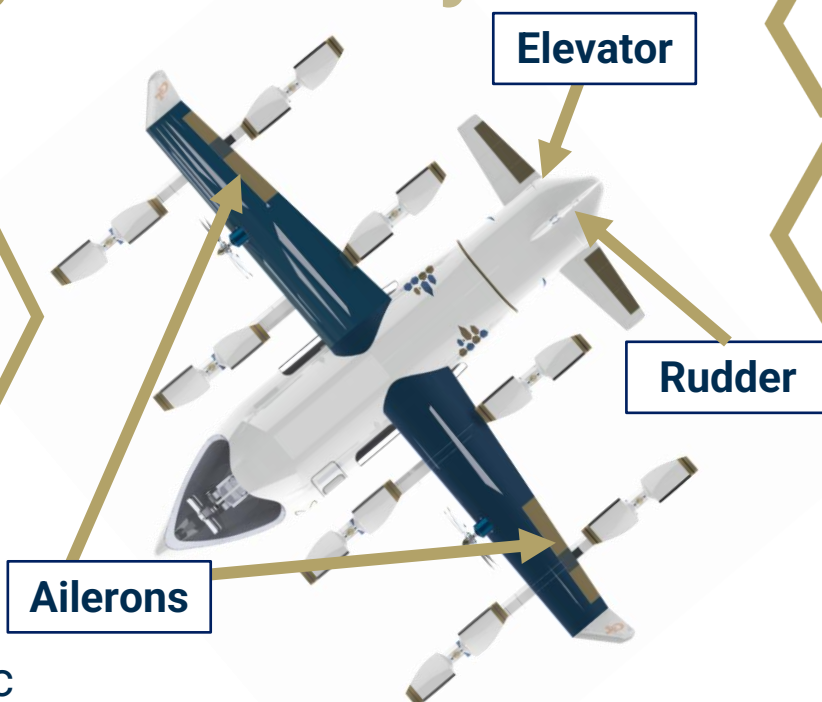




Cruise: Comfort, Simplicity and Safety



In cruise, Balto's flight controls are akin to that of a classical fixed wing aircraft making it simple for the pilot, comfortable for the passengers and safe for everyone



COMFORT

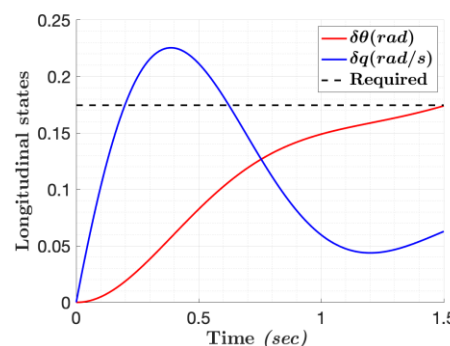
- ✓ Longitudinal and Lateral dynamic stability
- ✓ Good handling qualities
- ✓ Capable of 10-deg pitch, 10 deg roll
Lor 6 deg heading changes within less than 1.5 seconds
- ✓ Balto can maintain symmetry of flight even with one failed engine

SIMPLICITY

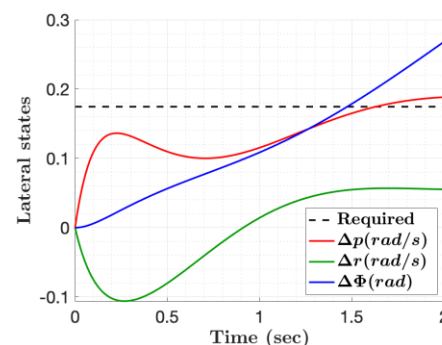
- ✓ Regular fixed-wing pilot can fly Balto in cruise with minimal training

SAFETY

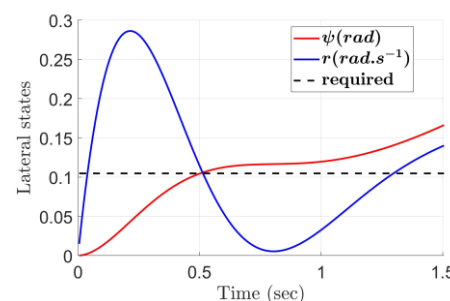
- ✓ Twin propellers minimalizes risk of engine-out emergency landing
- ✓ In the unlikely event of a double engine failure, Balto can glide to provide a gentler landing



Response to elevator deflection



Response to ailerons deflections



Response to rudder deflection



**Thank You for
Reading**